

















### 南加版

#### 羅日書記長の椅子は 濃厚な高橋氏に 就任は今月末から

銓衡委員一致して推薦

#### 事務

日會の方の

#### 路傍説教を妨げたら 容赦なくフン縛る

七百對五十で反對派破れ

#### また始めた説教隊

#### 哀れ支那人街で 春をひそぐ若い娘

北加から来て浅ましい商賈 捕へて見れば第一世

#### 呼びつけ

#### つゝ井筒の男女も 今に法廷で争ふ

女學生女給と亭主清一郎

#### 總ての罪を許し

#### 夫清一郎は

#### 同じ女給をす

るなら川福で

#### 叔父叔母に育て

#### 宮様御依頼の ゴルフ道具購入

草鹿少佐天洋丸で歸朝

#### 殿下用

#### ゴルフで世界一周 武者修業の藤七さん

明日から小林青年と試合

#### ゴルフトリップ

#### 葬式歸りの惨事 重傷を負った重松氏

結婚前の岡氏も顔に裂傷

#### 大師様の お告げ

#### 仇討浄瑠璃坂

直木三十五作

#### 浄瑠璃坂 新劇

#### 夫清一郎は

#### 御禮廣告

#### 米村嬌子

#### 御禮廣告

#### 米村嬌子

#### 御禮廣告

#### 御禮廣告

#### 御禮廣告

#### 御禮廣告

#### 御禮廣告

#### 御禮廣告

#### 御禮廣告

#### 促肥素

南加州州勸工場

#### 静脈腫根治す

藤井事務所

#### 御禮廣告

#### 御禮廣告

#### 御禮廣告

#### 御禮廣告

#### 御禮廣告

#### 御禮廣告

#### 御禮廣告

#### 御禮廣告

#### 御禮廣告

#### 味の素

その味ひ 目も鼻もない美味さ

#### 富士活動常設館

富士活動常設館

#### ラッキータキシム

122 N. SAN PEDRO ST.

#### 麻病の治療に就いて

岩城ドラッグ商會

#### 胃腸タイゼリン

胃腸タイゼリン

#### ゴノキール

ゴノキール

#### 小谷英雄

小谷英雄

#### 大久保歯科醫院

大久保歯科醫院

#### SK グラージ

SK グラージ







### サクラメント (十九日)

## 第二世の塚本君 辯護士開業準備

### 育ちの地たる櫻家を選定 加卒業の秀才で雄辯家

優秀の成績で加州大法律科を卒業した第二世の塚本君は、辯護士開業の準備を進めている。育ちの地たる櫻家を選定し、加卒業の秀才で雄辯家として知られる。...

## 露國が百五十萬弗の 收穫機を購入す

### 須市ハベスト會社の飛躍

露國が百五十萬弗の收穫機を購入する。須市ハベスト會社の飛躍。...

## 佛青籠球

佛青籠球。...

## 郵政局長大會

郵政局長大會。...

## 政談大演説會

政談大演説會。...

## 祖國見學團組織

祖國見學團組織。...

## 基督教會記事

基督教會記事。...

### 御禮廣告

長女が入院中... 感謝の意を込めて...

### 種子は

本場のギョロイで沿岸... 日本最大の種子生産...

### 種子小賣

説明附特價表... 各種種子の取扱...

### 御用木野くすりや

妙薬の御用木野くすりや... 各種薬品の取扱...

### O.K.家具

櫻井回春堂... 各種家具の取扱...

### 種子は

本場のギョロイで沿岸... 日本最大の種子生産...

### 御用木野くすりや

妙薬の御用木野くすりや... 各種薬品の取扱...

### サクラ薬店

佐藤歯科... 各種薬品の取扱...

### 日本の本旅館

櫻井回春堂... 各種サービスの提供...

### 力石歯科

力石歯科... 各種歯科の取扱...

### 井木醫院

井木醫院... 各種医療の提供...

### 山尾醫院

山尾醫院... 各種医療の提供...

### 濱井回春堂

濱井回春堂... 各種サービスの提供...

### 濱井回春堂

濱井回春堂... 各種サービスの提供...

### 太陽光線

太陽光線... 各種サービスの提供...

### 印刷

印刷... 各種印刷サービスの提供...

### 森本歯科

森本歯科... 各種歯科の取扱...

### 肺病助膜に奇効ある

肺病助膜に奇効ある... 各種医療の提供...

### 濱井回春堂

濱井回春堂... 各種サービスの提供...

### 濱井回春堂

濱井回春堂... 各種サービスの提供...



LOS ALTOS JAPANESE IN SCHOOL ROW DECIDE TO GIVE UP BUILDING PLAN

Decision Due to Opposition of American Property Owners

Special to The Japanese American News LOS ALTOS, Sept. 18.—Out of deference to the opposition raised by local American citizens, the Parent-Teachers Association of the Japanese Language School of this city passed a resolution to abandon its plan to erect a new school building at the entrance of the town.

The action took place as a result of consultation of the Japanese parents with officials of the Japanese Association at San Jose and with Japanese newspaper men there.

Despite this conciliatory move, the citizens' meeting, scheduled for tonight at the Secord Hall, at 8 o'clock, will be carried out, according to indications here at noon.

The call for the mass meeting, issued under the name of Frederick Lewis, was made last week-end in order to oppose the erection of the building. It is contended that erection of the building would be "detrimental to the best interests of Los Altos and its people, and will depreciate the value of all property contiguous or adjacent thereto."

JAPANESE SYMPATHETIC The Japanese parents, on the other hand, declared today that they had not realized the whole question was of such importance to the Los Altos citizens. If the erection of the building is detrimental to the growth of the town, the Japanese are on the whole agreed that they should seek another site for their language school.

As the opinions crystallize, there are apparently two groups of citizens who are concerned with the question. The first group does not believe that the Japanese language institute is necessarily an agency that counteracts the teaching of Americanism. They contend that a language school is a cultural institution, which even helps, rather impedes, the younger generation of Japanese to be loyal law-abiding citizen groups of the United States.

The second group, however, are opposed to language school, and the contention is that they will undermine American teachings in civility. Both groups are agreed in their opposition to erection of the school at the entrance to the town of Los Altos.

NO ANTI-JAPANESE SENTIMENT Frederick Lewis, a real estate broker, who was one of the citizens instrumental in calling the mass meeting, informs The Japanese American News that the purchase of a lot by the Japanese Language Corporation for the erection of a Japanese school and community house did not cause a wave of anti-Japanese sentiment in Los Altos.

The mass meeting, he contends, has been called to protest against the particular location chosen by the sponsors of the movement. Lewis further declares, in a letter to this paper, in the following: "From reading the story in your paper, (of the issue of Sept. 17), evidently the writer of the anonymous letter printed in your column is correct in his assertion that the Japanese of this community were determined to erect a Japanese school at this location regardless of opposition."

ADMONISHED OF SITE "From time to time for the past year I have been in touch with the desire of some of the Japanese residents here to erect a school for the teaching of Japanese language to the younger generation, and I have been consulted by them. But I remember very distinctly going over the matter of location on the map of Los Altos where they proposed to buy a lot for erection of the school and community house, that they would meet with opposition from the property owners in this vicinity for the reason that this was strictly a residential property."

"I evidently did not make the meaning of the word restriction very clear to the Japanese people who are interested in this movement. I take this opportunity to point out to you that since that time I had a visit at my office from the man who is at the head of the movement to find out from me the probable cost of erecting a school at the location on Main street described in the invitation to the mass meeting."

"Very truly yours, Frederick Lewis."

TAIYOS WILL HOLD PARTY IN MONTEREY

Barrel of Fun Hoped In Swim Carnival Of Salinas Club

Special to The Japanese American News SALINAS, Sept. 19.—Inviting girls and boys of fifteen years and over, the Salinas Taiyo Club will sponsor a swimming party at Del Monte Plunge on Friday night, Sept. 20.

The party will assemble in front of the Japanese Association Hall at 7 p. m. From there the young people will journey over to Monterey Beach, where games will be played, stories told, and refreshments served.

The guests will enter the plunge at 9 p. m., and there will be several contests for the graceful swimmers, as well as diving exhibitions by Husky Sugawara and Beppo Nagano, two well known divers.

There are two plunges at Del Monte, and those who cannot swim at all will find the small tank very convenient, while others will splash around in the bigger tank. "Runt" Inai will teach those who cannot swim.

Anyone over fifteen years of age is welcome. There will be minor expenses, but the "big time" is worth the price, according to the committee in charge.

S. F. GIRL TO GIVE TALK

House-Wives Will Be Audience Of Miss Sumie Yamamoto

Special to The Japanese American News TOKYO, Sept. 19.—The opening of the fall term at the Fresno State college will find seven second generation Japanese entering that institution. They are Akiko Hasegawa, Haru Sugimoto, Shige Matsuyama, Fumio Hirata, Sakahiro Yamami, Yutaka Nakashima, and K. Kazato.

Premier Tells Why He Is Not Popular With Geisha Girls

Special to The Japanese American News TOKYO, Sept. 18.—Premier Hamaguchi has always been a super-Puritan devoid of those weaknesses for levity common among male mortals. Choosing a right moment to put such an inconsequential question to the serious-minded statesman, a visitor asked him if he had ever been popular among geisha girls.

"Why, no," replied Mr. Hamaguchi in his usual dry-as-dust monotone. "The fact is, I have never sought such popularity and, therefore, I have never been well received in the gay circles."

From head to foot, the Premier is an incarnation of syllogism and apparently no room is left for the presence of lighter veins.

The "Lion" Premier, as Hamaguchi is often called in the press, neither smokes nor drinks. Smiles relieve his hard-set face as rarely as rain would moisten the parched ground these days. The resourceful teahouse waitresses and geishas positively do not know what to do with him at a banquet where he remains as silent and glum like the rufous ancient Greece. One evening, according to the proprietress of the Shinjiraku at Tsukiji, a batch of geisha girls joined in "Shi-shi-mai" (a lion dance) to please the Premier but it only confirmed his hatred of saunas. He did not like his namesake, made an object of ridicule, she asserts.

NIPPON LABOR STATESMAN LOOKS AT U. S. CAPITALISM

By ISO ABE To what extent a man can gratify his material wants with 35 slaves. DEFECT OF CAPITALIZATION However, the fact that the majority of American citizens are not contented individually in spite of the vast national wealth proves the fundamental defect of capitalism. Even in the rich country like the United States, there exist a great number of the unemployed, and business depression. This is sufficient to verify the failure of the capitalism, although such conditions are not of nation-wide.

7 REGISTER IN COLLEGE

Students Of Fresno State Are All 2nd Generation

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JAPAN PLANS WAR POLICY

Under the caption of "SECRET PAPER URGES ACTION AGAINST U. S." The San Francisco Examiner Thursday morning printed an alleged disclosure of "an astounding" document which urges a "blood and iron" policy for Japan against both China and the United States.

The truth of the news, reported as a special dispatch from Peiping via London, is very doubtful.

The article in part follows: "LONDON, Sept. 19 (Thursday).—(Special cable to Universal Service.)—An astounding document entitled "Memorial to Premier Tanaka," allegedly compiled by the former Japanese Premier, Baron Tanaka, and sent by him to his Emperor advising a "blood and iron" policy toward China and America, has been secretly circulated among delegates to the Institute of Pacific Relations, according to a Peking dispatch to the Daily Telegraph this morning.

"The institute is due to hold a meeting at Kyoto in October. The statements attributed to Tanaka are so astounding that the document has been immediately denounced as a hoax. Nevertheless, it is likely to imperil the smooth conduct of the conference."

"The translation of the document has been compiled by L. T. Chen, one of the Chinese delegates to the conference."

Shibusawa Expresses Regret For Failure To Fete Tour Party

Regret for not having been able to entertain members of the Lowell High School student tourist party was expressed by Viscount Shibusawa, "Grand Old Man" of Japan, in a letter received by Mr. K. Akiko, proprietor of The Japanese American News.

Mr. Shibusawa, a veteran business man and Japan's leading exponent of Japanese-American friendship, is eighty-eight years old. He was ill when the American student party reached Japan, and this fact prevented him to give it an appropriate welcome, according to the letter.

The Lowell High School went on a two-month trip to Japan for the purpose of studying Japanese culture and history. It was led by Geo. C. Lorbeer, professor of Oriental history at Lowell high school.

Showa Athletic Club Will Stage General Meet This Evening

General meeting of the Showa Athletic Club will be held at its clubhouse on Bush street this evening (Friday) at eight o'clock. With many applications for membership up for consideration, the gathering is expected to attract a large attendance. Other business includes discussions on football, basketball, and social calendars for the ensuing term.

Gus Sonnenberg, World Mat Champ, Defeats Stetcher

LOS ANGELES, Sept. 18.—Gus Sonnenberg, world's mat champion, defeated Joe Stetcher, former champion, two falls out of three in a title match here tonight. Stetcher took the first fall with a flying tackle in 27 minutes and 17 seconds of rough milling.

Executive Committee of Young People's Christian Parley Will Hold Meeting Sunday in Alameda

Meiji Varsity Holds Rikkyo Nine to 8 Tie in Initial Game

Special to The Japanese American News TOKYO, Sept. 19.—In their first encounter with each other this season the Meiji varsity today broke even with Rikkyo nine, 8 to 8, after a 10-inning battle. The game was played in the Meiji Jingu Stadium.

Y.M.C.A. IS SET FOR FAMILY NIGHT MEET

Special to The Japanese American News ALAMEDA, Sept. 19.—The conference preparatory meeting of the Y. M. C. A. executive committee will be held next Sunday, Sept. 22, at the Alameda M. E. Church, South, starting from 2:30 p. m.

Japanese Flyer to Hop from Berlin to Tokyo Says Report

Special to The Japanese American News TOKYO, Sept. 19.—Seiji Yoshizawa, 28, a Japanese flyer, will take off for a long-distance flight from Berlin to Tokyo across Siberia in a near future, it was announced today by the Japanese Aeronautic Association.

BUY MANSHU JAPAN URGED

Purchase Would Solve Eternal Problem of Manchuria

By WILLIAM P. SIMMS WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—By taking a leaf out of the book of any one of a half a dozen other nations, for instance France, Spain, Russia, or China in the opinion of the writer, can save the world from almost certain war and at the same time enable herself to complete the, at present, well-nigh impossible task of national unification.

In previous studies of the situation in the Asiatic Balkans, that is to say in Manchuria and Mongolia, I have described how three great nations today stand menacingly face to face over the control of this part of the world. The claims on China, Russia and Japan in this region are already history. Russia and Japan have fought a war over it. Today China and Russia are in a state of war there, and blood is actually flowing.

SOLUTION NEEDED Tomorrow there will have to be a showdown. The strongest nation will win, eventually, and openly take over control as a result of its victory unless, in the meantime, some less costly and less bloody solution is discovered.

Such a solution might be found in the purchase of Manchuria and part of Eastern Mongolia by Japan, from China, the nominal proprietor, followed by a live-and-let-live agreement between Russia and Japan with regard to the Chinese Eastern Ry., now the object of a bitter wrangle between Russia and China. The establishment of an independent buffer state in Manchuria would hardly do the trick since Russia, China and Japan would continue to maneuver for position there until war broke out in spite of themselves.

JAPAN'S PERIL For Japan insists, and many agree with her, that the very existence of the Japanese Empire would be in peril were any other strong power ever to become dominant in the corner of Asia, and her policy is now, and will continue to be based on the premise, whether Liberals or Conservatives are in power, that China would be in good company were she to part with this territory for a money consideration. Most of the United States was acquired in that way, and from some of the proudest nations in the world. China today could get a stupendous price for Manchuria and Eastern Mongolia from Japan, which wants that territory as she wants little else in this world. At the same time China now holds them but vaguely. They not only claim a large measure of autonomy but practice it and little love is lost between the inhabitants of these northern regions and the Chinese to the south.

SLOW DEVELOPMENT Moreover greater China is too big, too unwieldy to manage as one country, even under ordinary circumstances. Larger than the United States, China boasts only 7500 miles of railroads as against 250,000 miles in our country, and whereas the United States is criss-crossed by hundreds of thousands of miles of excellent highways, China has no highways at all to speak of. And it takes just these fundamental means to make it possible for the inhabitants of any country to shuffle themselves up and become unified as to purpose.

Given a smaller, more compact territory, and shorn of some of the races who must remain for a long time a thorn in the flesh, China would make much more rapid progress while remaining potentially one of the greatest powers on earth. At the same time an almost certain future war, perhaps a world war, would be avoided.

Chinese Note Is Unacceptable Says Soviet Government

MOSCOW, Sept. 17.—Soviet Russia tonight served notice on the Nationalist Government of China through the German Embassy that the proposed amendments by Nanking to the projected agreement for settlement of the Chinese Eastern Railway conflict in Manchuria are wholly unacceptable to Russia.

YMCA IS SET FOR FAMILY NIGHT MEET

Speeches and Stunts Feature Program At Fall Affair

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Red Flyers Arrive at Kamchatka en Route From Moscow-N. Y.

NIKOLAYEVSK-ON-AMUR (Siberia), Sept. 18.—The Russian airplane "Land of the Soviets," bound from Moscow to New York, landed safely today at Petropavlovsk, principal town of Kamchatka Peninsula.

After a flight over the Sea of Okhotsk from this far Siberian city, the next stage of the flight of Commander Semyon Shestakov and three other Russian air aces, is from Kamchatka across the Pacific to Alaska.

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Thus, border raids and skirmishes by Chinese troops along the Manchurian frontier are thought likely to continue indefinitely.

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TEST MISHAP HITS PACIFIC DASH PLANE

Bromley to Abandon His Tokyo Flight This Year

BURBANK, Sept. 18.—The second low-wing monoplane which Lieut. Harold Bromley, Tacoma, Wash., aviator, has had specially built for his proposed non-stop flight from Tacoma to Tokyo, cracked up while being given its initial flight today by Herbert Fahy, test pilot. Fahy reported he was forced to make a rudimentary landing after the specially designed rudder controls gave way.

The plane lost one wing when, from an altitude of 200 feet, Fahy dropped the craft onto a concrete highway across which it bounced stopping on the lawn in front of a private residence. The landing gear was smashed, and the builders of the plane said it was beyond repair. Fahy blamed a counter-balanced tail group, which he said had been designed by Lieutenant Bromley for the mishap.

HIS FIRST PLANE Bromley smashed his first craft, also a low-wing monoplane, as he attempted to take off at Tacoma early in the summer on his planned nonstop flight to Tokyo. Gasoline, which he said splashed from the breather tubes of the overloaded wing tanks into his eyes, was blamed for that mishap.

Lieutenant Fahy was only partly conscious when physicians examined him in a hospital and it was feared he might be more seriously injured than at first believed when he was taken there for examination. He was found to have suffered a fractured arm, and surgeons were endeavoring to determine if his skull had been fractured.

TO ATTEMPT NEXT YEAR Lieutenant Bromley on the ground watched as his plane was dashed to a mass of wreckage.

"The strain of the take-off apparently loosened the rudder, and both the rudder and the tail group dropped off while Lieutenant Fahy still was in the air over the field," he said. "While he had no control of the plane, Fahy managed to keep it in a long bank, apparently hoping to make an emergency landing." Bromley explained the rudder and tail group were in an experimental stage, and had not been tested in the air before.

"My flight," Bromley said, "is off for this year. By the time I can get another plane built, it will be too late to try for Tokyo. I hope to attempt it next year."

Orient Girls' Eyes Possess Langorous Look Avers Expert

The eyes have it—but which kind of eyes have the most it? That's the problem Lady Drummond Hay, famed passenger on the Graf Zeppelin, has raised with criticism of American girls' make-up.

"They curl the eye-lashes upward so that they have a perpetual look of surprise," the Englishwoman declares of American girls. She herself favors the Oriental method which produces a langorous effect.

"But American girls are not the langorous type!" said Grace Burroughs, dancer, just returned from studying the dances of the east. She and Marie Burton, also a dancer, appearing at the Fox Theater, compared notes today on American versus Oriental make-up.

AMERICAN GIRLS "Of course we curl our lashes upward when we wear them with mascara," said Marie. "American girls are a wide-eyed sort; if we're not sophisticated, we don't try to look sophisticated."

Put beside the make-up box which Miss Burroughs brought home from India, the American girl's cosmetic stock look small.

But the Hindu woman pays more attention to her eyes than any other feature, Miss Burroughs explained. From Bayaderes, the temple dancers of India, she learned authentic methods of self adornment, in order to reproduce their dances and costumes exactly.

ORIENTAL WOMEN The Oriental woman uses a bluish cream on her eye-lids, then darkens the lashes, bending them heavily downward so that they fall like silken curtains over the coy orbs below. With both she draws a heavy line of black over her eyebrows and the edge of the lids, elongating the eyes, at the corner, with another line. As a last gesture, she touches eye-lashes and brows with perfume.

"It's all very beautiful—in the Orient," said Miss Burroughs, but American girls should not depart from their own type.

Chinese Note Is Unacceptable Says Soviet Government

Red Flyers Arrive at Kamchatka en Route From Moscow-N. Y.

NIKOLAYEVSK-ON-AMUR (Siberia), Sept. 18.—The Russian airplane "Land of the Soviets," bound from Moscow to New York, landed safely today at Petropavlovsk, principal town of Kamchatka Peninsula.

After a flight over the Sea of Okhotsk from this far Siberian city, the next stage of the flight of Commander Semyon Shestakov and three other Russian air aces, is from Kamchatka across the Pacific to Alaska.

Japanese Flyer to Hop from Berlin to Tokyo Says Report

Special to The Japanese American News TOKYO, Sept. 19.—Seiji Yoshizawa, 28, a Japanese flyer, will take off for a long-distance flight from Berlin to Tokyo across Siberia in a near future, it was announced today by the Japanese Aeronautic Association.

BUY MANSHU JAPAN URGED

Purchase Would Solve Eternal Problem of Manchuria

By WILLIAM P. SIMMS WASHINGTON, Sept. 18.—By taking a leaf out of the book of any one of a half a dozen other nations, for instance France, Spain, Russia, or China in the opinion of the writer, can save the world from almost certain war and at the same time enable herself to complete the, at present, well-nigh impossible task of national unification.

In previous studies of the situation in the Asiatic Balkans, that is to say in Manchuria and Mongolia, I have described how three great nations today stand menacingly face to face over the control of this part of the world. The claims on China, Russia and Japan in this region are already history. Russia and Japan have fought a war over it. Today China and Russia are in a state of war there, and blood is actually flowing.

SOLUTION NEEDED Tomorrow there will have to be a showdown. The strongest nation will win, eventually, and openly take over control as a result of its victory unless, in the meantime, some less costly and less bloody solution is discovered.

Such a solution might be found in the purchase of Manchuria and part of Eastern Mongolia by Japan, from China, the nominal proprietor, followed by a live-and-let-live agreement between Russia and Japan with regard to the Chinese Eastern Ry., now the object of a bitter wrangle between Russia and China. The establishment of an independent buffer state in Manchuria would hardly do the trick since Russia, China and Japan would continue to maneuver for position there until war broke out in spite of themselves.

JAPAN'S PERIL For Japan insists, and many agree with her, that the very existence of the Japanese Empire would be in peril were any other strong power ever to become dominant in the corner of Asia, and her policy is now, and will continue to be based on the premise, whether Liberals or Conservatives are in power, that China would be in good company were she to part with this territory for a money consideration. Most of the United States was acquired in that way, and from some of the proudest nations in the world. China today could get a stupendous price for Manchuria and Eastern Mongolia from Japan, which wants that territory as she wants little else in this world. At the same time China now holds them but vaguely. They not only claim a large measure of autonomy but practice it and little love is lost between the inhabitants of these northern regions and the Chinese to the south.

SLOW DEVELOPMENT Moreover greater China is too big, too unwieldy to manage as one country, even under ordinary circumstances. Larger than the United States, China boasts only 7500 miles of railroads as against 250,000 miles in our country, and whereas the United States is criss-crossed by hundreds of thousands of miles of excellent highways, China has no highways at all to speak of. And it takes just these fundamental means to make it possible for the inhabitants of any country to shuffle themselves up and become unified as to purpose.

Given a smaller, more compact territory, and shorn of some of the races who must remain for a long time a thorn in the flesh, China would make much more rapid progress while remaining potentially one of the greatest powers on earth. At the same time an almost certain future war, perhaps a world war, would be avoided.

Chinese Note Is Unacceptable Says Soviet Government

MOSCOW, Sept. 17.—Soviet Russia tonight served notice on the Nationalist Government of China through the German Embassy that the proposed amendments by Nanking to the projected agreement for settlement of the Chinese Eastern Railway conflict in Manchuria are wholly unacceptable to Russia.

Thus, border raids and skirmishes by Chinese troops along the Manchurian frontier are thought likely to continue indefinitely.



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(To be continued)