







## 日米歌壇

花村中園夢路

## 日米詩壇

華村朝賀彦四郎

## 冷い悔

垣下白草

## 日米大鑑

## 目下編纂中

在米邦人の農業権勢は、今や第一の時代は過ぎて、第二の時代に遷り行かんとする今日、必ず調査し記録し置かれなければならない。千八百九十年以前支那人に代りて耕作及び治政等の農國に歡迎されたる日本人農國勞働者は、其後如何にして其優秀なる技術を發揮したか、如何に天賦を駆け、人爲の累進に打ち克ち、今日の如く四萬英頃の土地を所有し、卅萬英頃の耕地を有するに至りしが、其推移農業の分布農業に最も重要な農業、金銀問題及农业生产として有趣味なる農業問題等の調査研究をなし置くは必要の事であり、其他現地州に於て同様は漁業花園業にも身動きならぬ様なはなつた。

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## 井田總領事の午餐會招待に

出席者は豫めホーテル、セナタール井田氏宛通知の事

九月八日

日本

日曜

月

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秋のころは國を守るそとである  
メリスビル (大日)



「女晴百合」。七

御禮廣告

商品の品位を高めること

日本社廣告部

新規開拓に起りし體事の

御禮助に御盡力され且つ願

無事御禮奉さ以て同

中西格闘が紙上を以て厚

御禮奉申述べ

The Largest English Section  
Published Daily By  
Any Japanese Paper On  
This Continent

# The Japanese American News

THE LARGEST JAPANESE NEWSPAPER PUBLISHED OUTSIDE OF JAPAN

A Newspaper Primarily  
For American Citizens Of  
Japanese Ancestry In The  
United States

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## JAPAN

And Things Japanese

Japan and Things Japanese, a section devoted to present-day news and views, and ancient facts, regarding the Japanese people and their country, is a regular feature of the English Section.

### JAPANESE ROUND FANS

Round fans are used all over the world. In the Orient, China is the oldest user, there being record of them 4,000 years ago. In Japan, they have probably been in use from remote antiquity, the oldest record being 1,200 years old and mentioned in the Manyoshu. Then they were perhaps of feathers, not of paper as at present. Subsequently, ajiro-uchiwa, one of bamboo splits braided like ajiro (a fish basket-trap), and of diamond shape with a handle, was made, but it is unknown when.

Early in the Kamakura period, paper fans on bamboo splits came into fashion and may be found in the hands of persons in Saint Ippen's or Saint Bonen's picture scrolls. These are about 600 years old. But round fans were not yet an article of commerce and were made by the users themselves.

It was at the beginning of the Tokugawa period, when Tokugawa Ieyasu held the shogunate that round fans came to be manufactured largely as an article of commerce. The Nanto-Meisho-shu (a collection of notes of interest in the Southern Capital) which was published in the 3rd year of Eiyo (695) contains children selling round fans, or so-called Nara-uchiwa. This kind of round fan began to be sold in Kyoto in the Tensho era (1573-1591), where they were imported from Nara, they being also called Fukakusa-uchiwa. Besides, several other kinds were made such as Gifu-uchiwa in the Province of Mino, Nadekawa-uchiwa in the Province of Kai, Shiroko-uchiwa in the Province of Eisei and Kuroko-uchiwa in the Provinces of Satsuma and Higo. Today, there are some vestiges of them in these places.

### Became Known.

Round fans became the fashion in the whole country towards the time of the fifth Tokugawa shogun, Tokugawa Tsunayoshi. Then it was over one hundred years since Tokugawa Ieyasu, the first shogun, took up his abode in the Yedo castle, and Yedo was a splendid town as may be supposed from the name of Greater Yedo, when its civilization attained full maturity. Round fans became very fashionable then, as they suited the taste of the citizens. The fashion of these fans, the Yedo type, was intended gradually to Kyoto and Osaka. This Genroku period was the gayest of the history of Yedo for 300 years, and on round fans were painter Genroku custom and manners and Gen-

(To Be Continued)

## GAKUEN TO HOLD CAMP NEXT MONTH

Cost For Trip Of 12 Days Will Be \$10

With thirty already registered, a record number of second generation young people are expected at the annual summer camp sponsored by the local Kinmon Gakuin at Russian River during the early part of next month.

Under the leadership of Principal and Mrs. Koshi Suzuki and Mr. and Mrs. Takiguchi, instructors of the language school, the young people will pitch their camps on the banks of the beautiful Russian River and spend their twelve days of outing in swimming, hikes, study, rowing, and fishing.

The camp is located on the Shintani tract and is shaded by tall trees, offering an ideal spot for rest, recreation and outdoor exercise.

A novel scheme for the Kinmon outing will be the issuing of a camp publication in which the news and personal contributions by members of the party will be published.

For those who are inclined to spend their time in reading, a large library of both American and Japanese books will be formed at the camp. Four mothers will be on hand to cook the food, although everyone will join in the duties of the camp. The administration of the camp will be conducted entirely by the students themselves, who will form management committees for this purpose. The entire cost of the trip will be \$10.

uchiwa dances. Nearly all women carried round fans, making them a personal ornament rather than for their personal use. Naturally, they progressed as a fine art product and very beautiful ones were made. Not only were the designs of round fans so luxurious, but the fashion influenced garment, hair pins, sword guards and tobacco-pouches, which were designed with round fans.

### Painted By Artists.

One thing to be noted in particular about the artistic value of round fans is that Kotan, one of the greatest artists of the age, painted round fans, using ungrudgingly such valuable materials as gold and silver foil and dust. Kotan's pictures drawn on round fans are very much valued even today. Girls of so-called Kotan patterns of red dappled or date-zome long sleeves are pictured in his characteristic style and in rich colors, indescribably harmonious. Works of Sotatsu, his teacher, and of Kanzan, his fellow pupils, are found even today. Artistic of the Kano school painted many round fans, too.

In a word, round fans grew extremely fashionable in the Genroku period, when they were prized as fine art products.

(To Be Continued)

## JAPAN CHURCH DELEGATES WILL BE ENTERTAINED

LOS ANGELES, June 16.—(Special)—Two hundred Japanese delegates to the world Sunday School Convention will be entertained by this city through its Bureau of Parks and Recreation at a mammoth concert on the evening of July 15 in the huge Hollywood Bowl.

A feature number will be the choral anthem in which 5,000 voices will be heard.

Besides the 200 from Japan, scores of Japanese from the various localities of the Pacific Coast will attend the convention, which opens July 10 and continues for a week.

## NIPPON YUSEN EARNS PROFIT

Company Shows Net Profit of Over A Million

The Nippon Yusen Kaisha Steamship Company showed a net profit of \$1,045,000 for the six months ended March 31, this year, according to the report of Takeshi Shirani, president of the company at the annual meeting, held at Tokyo on May 28, a copy of which has just been received at the local office of the line.

The net profit for the term was made notwithstanding the continuing severe depression in the shipping trade," Shirani said, "and was an increase of \$25,000 over the preceding term, and \$155,000 over that of the corresponding term of last year."

"Local Japanese boycotts have been frequent in China in the past. There are six national movements against Japanese goods on record.

"The first was started in March, 1908, in connection with the Tatsu-

maru affair, and it lasted five months. In consequence exports to China decreased by 25,000,000 yen and imports to Japan diminished by 8,000,000 yen. A similar agitation occurred in August, 1909, again in 1911 and 1919. April 1923 and again in June of 1927. The boycott of June last year, which was continued as a protest against the dispatch of troops to Shantung was most extensive in scale. Exports and imports fell by 87,000,000 yen and 13,000,000 yen, respectively, by October when the boycott ended.

"The economic agitation against Japan in China is recurrent, but once it comes to an end, trade booms and the decline comes within half a year. This will be the case with the present movement. The Foreign Office authorities are of opinion that the Nanking

## JAPAN NOT AFRAID OF BOYCOTTS

Losses In Trade Are Made Up Says Official

By MILES W. VAUGHN  
United Press Staff Correspondent.

TOKYO, June 17.—Japanese business is not inclined to fear Chinese boycotts in retaliation for the military action of the Imperial government in Shantung province and Manchuria, in the opinion of the Japanese Press.

Present boycotts in the Yangtze Valley are causing some disruption of Japanese trade, a Foreign Office spokesman told the United Press, but we do not believe that Japanese commerce will suffer greatly in the long run.

It is Japan's experience, the spokesman said, that Chinese boycotts seldom are sustained or totally effective and that losses to Japanese trade suffered during the frequent boycotts of Japanese goods usually are more than made up by the increase in trade always experienced when the boycott movements call off.

The Osaka Asahi, a leading newspaper in the great Osaka spinning and industrial area, declares that while Japanese business is watching the Chinese boycott movements attentively there is no cause for grave alarm, and continues:

"The movement aims at the exclusion of Japanese goods by the levy of heavy customs duties with the concealed object of obtaining funds for the war, but if imports from Japan are boycotted, the Chinese cannot procure the revenue they need, and if they want sinews of war, they cannot obstruct the importation of Japanese goods.

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Government, which vigorously controls the Japanese boycott movement will not impose heavy duties exclusively upon imports from this country, and that if it takes such a step on all imports for the war, the policy will form a great question between it and the Chinese merchants. The authorities are quite optimistic."

BASEBALL TO REIGN IN SAN JOSE JULY 4

San Francisco Showa Nine To Invade City

For what is believed to be the first time, a San Francisco team will participate in the Northern and Central California Championship baseball games at San Jose under auspices of Asahi Baseball Club of that city July 24.

This will place San Francisco among the five strongest towns in California. In the past, without a home ground or a lot to practice in, San Francisco was unable to organize anything that could even be recognized.

Humble Watsonville

Showa Athletic Club, probably the best known athletic organization among Americans, much to the surprise of diamond followers, humbled the highly touted Watsonville pillars in a one-sided game of 6-2 in their second game of the season recently.

The incidentally brought their recognition and an invitation was extended them to compete in the unofficial State championship game on Independence Day, whereupon the board had a special meeting Thursday evening and decided to accept the offer.

Will Play Asahis.

Showa will play the San Jose Asahi, and the Fresno Athletic Club will meet Alameda Tailors on July 3. The winners will play for the title on the Fourth of July.

The San Francisco Club is an underdog at present, having played only two games since its organization, but local fans expect another surprise to be pulled off.

According to acting manager John Uyeda and Coach Jiggs Yamada, the team is getting into good shape.

RICE FIELDS

MOSCOW, May 31.—As a result of heavy rain, several parts of the Vladivostok districts have been flooded and the rice fields damaged.

An area of about 4,000 hectares will probably suffer damage.

KEIO SOUTHPAW BAFFLES FRESNO NINE AS JAPAN VISITORS WIN 10 TO 6

Portsider Also Hits Four Out Of Five

PRESNO, June 16.—Keio university ball players of Japan, where baseball is rapidly becoming its national pastime, outsmarted and outslugged the Fresno Athletic Club to take a 10 to 6 victory at the Japanese park yesterday. Keio, on a barnstorming tour of the United States, encountered little opposition from the F. A. C. nine. Opening the session with a pair of hits in the first inning, the invaders scored as many runs and continued to count often enough in the early frames to insure the game.

The truth to tell, the local Japanese squad was southpawed to death by a young man not more than 5 feet 2 inches in height. This man, Hamazaki, by name and "Half Pint" by nickname, had the F. A. C. willow wavers groveling in the palm of his hand. And to make his appearance more spectacular he hit four times out of five, all hard hit singles.

Hamazaki gave no more than four or five good balls to look at, and for the rest of the afternoon clipped the inside and outside corners of the plate. He was nicked for but six hits and fanned eight, sending most of that number back to the plate after they had watched the third strike clip a corner of the plate.

The diminutive Nipponese was in no trouble at any time, and had he bared down it is doubtful if the Fresno Athletic club would have collected as many bingles or scored as many runs.

Keio clouted the offerings of two A. C. servers, Murashima and Kawasaki, for 18 hits. Murashima was battered from the hill in the third after two singles and a double sent three visitors scampering across the plate. Kawasaki, who twirled for the rest of the game, was treated little better.

## Boys and Girls-- Join The Junior Club

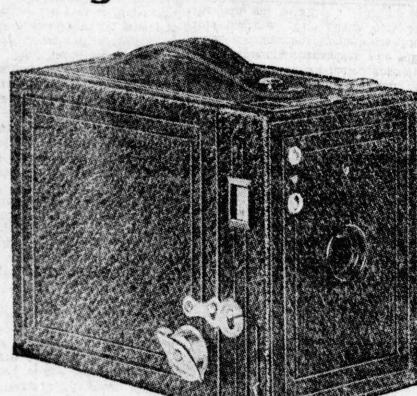
### HERE IS An Astounding Offer

WE GIVE YOU AN

EASTMAN

No. 2A 2½x4¼ Roll Film Camera

FREE!



### HOW YOU CAN GET THIS CAMERA:

This offer is open to all members of the Junior Club. If you are not already a member, send us your names, addresses, ages and the dates of your birthdays, and we will include you among our growing membership.

Circulation Manager  
The Japanese American News  
650 Ellis Street,  
San Francisco, California.

Dear Sir: Please enter my order for a ( ) months subscription. I have paid \$\_\_\_\_\_, to \_\_\_\_\_, a Junior Club member.

Signed (By Subscriber) \_\_\_\_\_  
Address \_\_\_\_\_

Order taken by  
(Junior Club Member)  
Address \_\_\_\_\_

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## THE ROMANCE OF JAPAN

Through the Ages

By JAMES A. B. SCHERER

An Interpretive Outline of the Story of Japan from the Introduction of Buddhism in 552 A. D. to the Passage of the Manhood Suffrage Act in 1925.

(Continued from yesterday)

million souls, but now it is only a village, with one sole remnant of the ancient grandeur—Dai Butsu! The approach is through an avenue of stately trees from whose lowermost branches countless crows caw down at you, as if well aware that all life is safe in the sacred groves of Buddha. Guatama sits upon a lotus flower, his hands folded placidly before him. The eyes, which are of pure gold, are cast down in modest contemplation. The entire expression is profoundly sweet and thoughtful. Idol though it is, one cannot but feel a sense of awe on looking up into the vast placid countenance of this noble Buddha, who has seen the changes of centuries, and before whose eternal calm millions have bent in humble adoration. Not without meaning are the sonorous words over the gateway: "O Stranger, whosoever thou art, and whatsoever be thy creed, when thou enterest this sanctuary remember that thou treadest upon ground hallowed by the worship of ages. This is the temple of Buddha and the gate of the Eternal, and thou shouldst therefore be reckoned with reverence."

A traveler landing at Yokohama finds himself immediately tempted to visit Kamakura. The city itself, once Dai-Butsu's pride, has indeed vanished after the lapse of a quarter of a century. His stately inscription had vanished. By contrast a Japanese friend laughingly quoted to the "hokku" recently intited to the handsome collossus by a popular poetess:

"O Buddha of Kamakura! Buddha thou mayst be, but of certain art thou a very handsome man!"

Japan had changed in many ways in twenty-five years, and, for the matter of that, so had I—as I was soon to discover.

(To Be Continued)

Through Special Arrangement  
With Publishers

## Making Football Stars Like It



I met the mild-mannered, pleasant young man who worked the grid-iron miracle at Tufts, and asked him to expand his theories of his 1927 eleven.

Without hesitation, Sampson gave the credit for last fall's success to his quarterback, Ellis, whom he considers worthy of All-American honors on any man's team.

Samson, head coach of the Tufts eleven in the East, to go through the 1927 season without being beaten or tied, is conducting a school for coaches, in conjunction with Bill Roper of Princeton, this month.